

Dimension: mm

Collector-emitter voltage				
Gate-emitter voltage			±	
Collector current				
Collector power dissipation				
Junction temperature range				
Storage temperature range				
Isolation voltage (terminal to case, minute)				
Mounting torque	Module case to heatsink			(kgf cm)
	Busbar to main terminal			

Collector-emitter cut-off current		= 1200V, = 0V			
Gate-emitter leakage current		= ± 20V, = 0V			μ
Collector-emitter saturation voltage		= 75A, = 15V			
Gate-emitter threshold voltage		= 5V, = 75mA			
Input capacitance		= 10V, = 0V, = 1MHz		6,300	
Switching time	rise time	= 600V L = 8 C = 13 = ± 15V			μ
	turn-on time				
	fall time				
	turn-off time				

Forward current				
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Peak forward voltage		= 75A, = 0V			
Reverse recovery time		= 75A, = -10V i / t = 150A/μs			μ

Thermal impedance	node	th(j-c)	Junction to Case		

Fig.1- Output Characteristics (Typical)

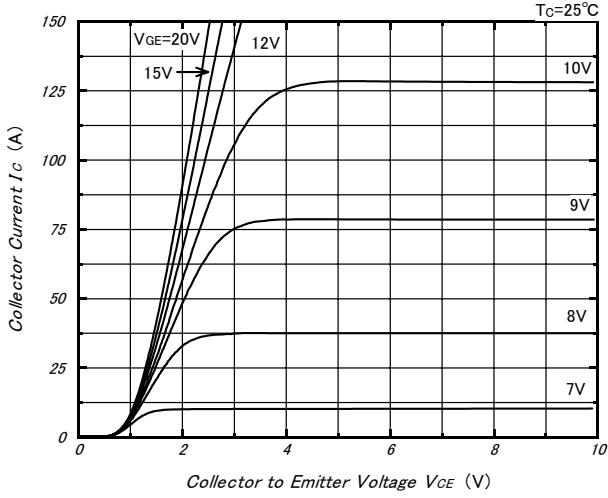


Fig.2- Collector to Emitter On Voltage vs. Gate to Emitter Voltage (Typical)

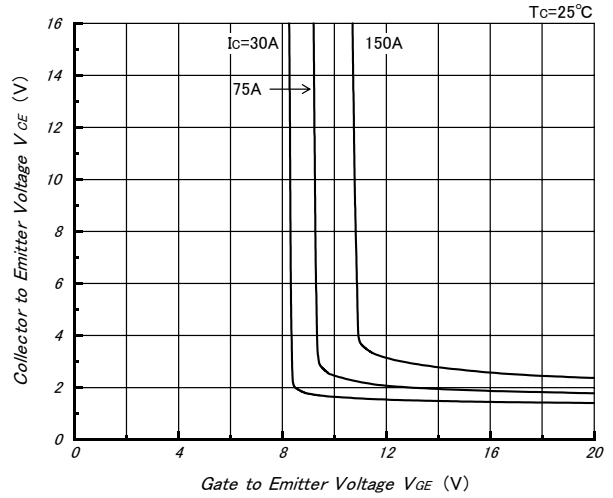


Fig.3- Collector to Emitter On Voltage vs. Gate to Emitter Voltage (Typical)

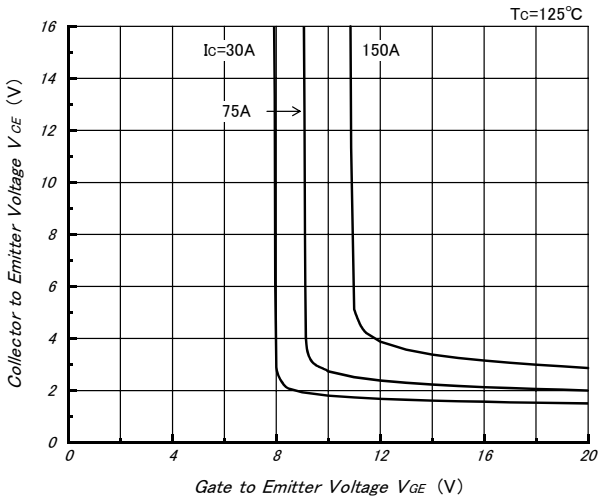


Fig.4- Gate Charge vs. Collector to Emitter Voltage (Typical)

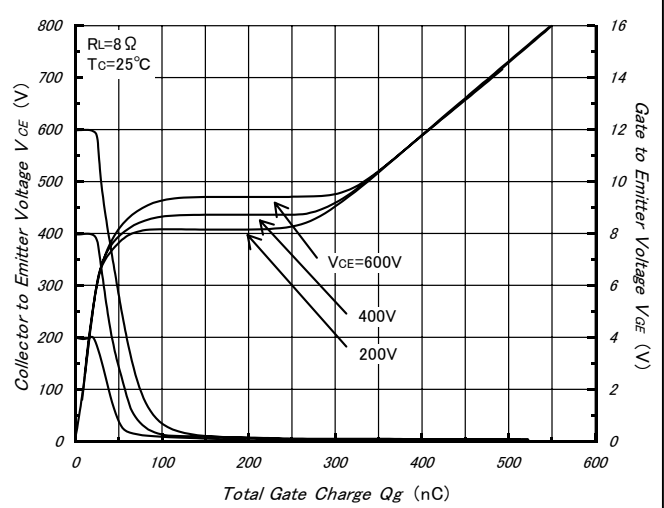


Fig.5- Capacitance vs. Collector to Emitter Voltage (Typical)

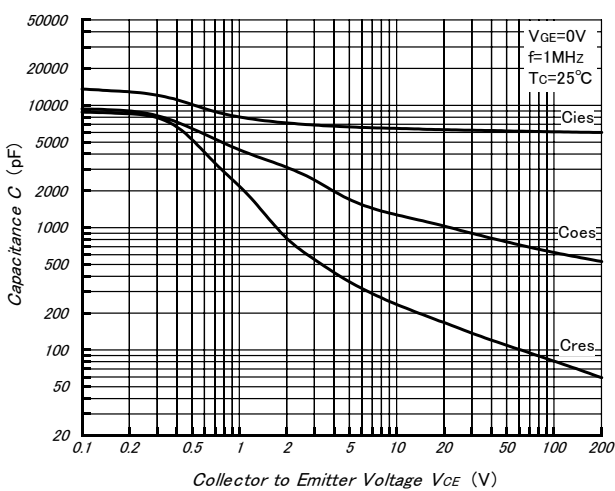


Fig.6- Collector Current vs. Switching Time (Typical)

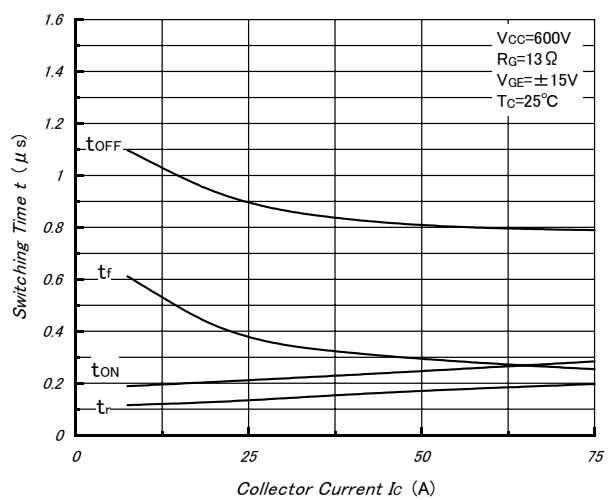


Fig.7- Series Gate Impedance vs. Switching Time (Typical)

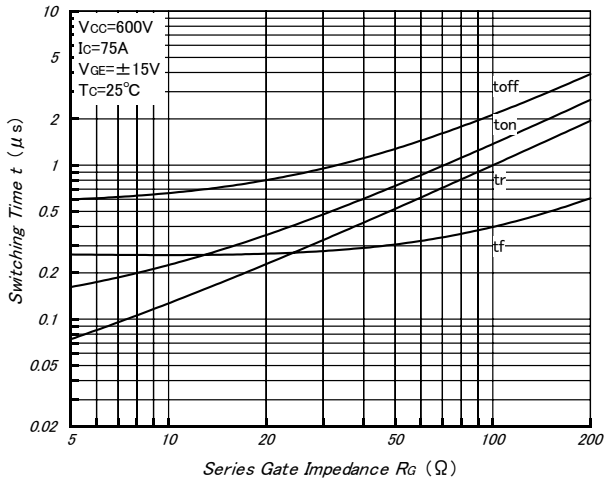


Fig.8- Forward Characteristics of Free Wheeling Diode (Typical)

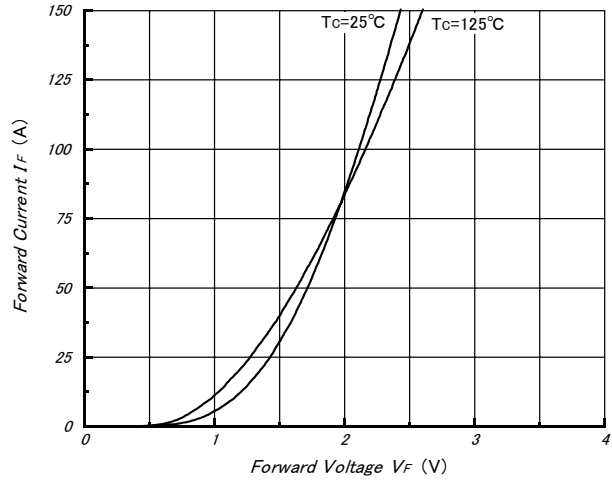


Fig.9- Reverse Recovery Characteristics (Typical)

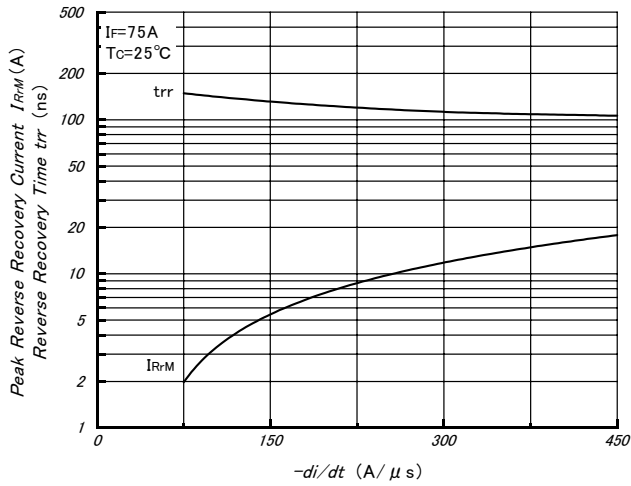


Fig.10- Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area

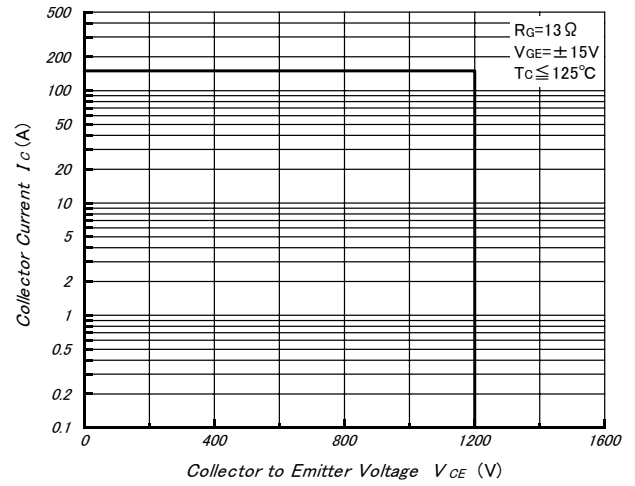


fig11-Transient Thermal Impedance

